London, May 30. 1746.

PROPOSALS

(By the PROPRIETORS of the Work)

FOR

Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

IN

Twenty Volumes Octavo,

AN

Universal History,

FROM THE

Earliest ACCOUNT of TIME.

Compiled from

ORIGINAL AUTHORS;

AND

Illustrated with MAPS, CUTS, NOTES, *&c.*

WITH

A GENERAL INDEX to the Whole.

Ἱστορίας ἀρχαίας ἐξέρχεσθαι μὴ κατανόει· ἐν αὐταῖς γὰρ εὑρήσεις ἀκόπως, ἅπερ ἕτεροι συνῆξαν ἐγκόπως.

Basil. Imp. ad Leon. fil.

A Report having been spread, that this Edition is designed to be an *Abridgment* only of this valuable Work; The Publick is assured, That the said Report is intirely groundless: And that a *Complete* and *Standard* Edition of it is designed to be given: Such Alterations, Emendations, and Additions, only being intended to be made by the *Original Authors*, as are mentioned in the within Proposals.

N. B. The said Additions are to be printed in Folio, for the sake of the Purchasers of the First Edition; as is also within promised.

CONDITIONS.

I. THIS Work (which is publiſhed under His Majeſty's Licence and Protection) is already ſufficiently known to the Learned World; and ſo univerſally eſteemed, as to be tranſlated into *Italian*, *French*, and *Dutch*. The Firſt Edition contains Nine Volumes in Folio; which are now propoſed to be completed in Twenty Volumes large Octavo, on the ſame Letter and Paper with the following Addreſs to the Public; to be delivered, ſewed up in Boards, and covered with Blue Paper, at Five Shillings each Volume.

II. The Firſt Volume to be delivered the Firſt of *January* next, and One Volume every Month after, till the Whole is finiſhed.

III. No Money to be paid at Subſcribing. Thoſe who intend to encourage this Work, are only deſired to ſend in their Names to the Undertakers, that the Number to be printed may be aſcertained.

IV. Not only the Maps and Cuts inſerted in the Folio Edition ſhall be added to this, but many new ones ſhall be engraved, and the Whole given *gratis* to the Subſcribers.

V. The Liſt of the Subſcribers ſhall be printed.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by the following Proprietors; *viz.*

T. OSBORNE, in *Gray's-Inn*; A. MILLAR, in the *Strand*; and J. OSBORN, in *Pater-noſter Row*;

And by the Bookſellers in Town and Country.

Gentlemen, who have obſerved any Miſtakes, Omiſſions, or other Faults, in the Firſt Edition of This Work, are humbly requeſted to communicate them to the above Proprietors; who will gratefully acknowlege the Favour.

TO THE

PUBLIC.

AS the Public Benefit ought to be the principal End of every Work intended for the Instruction of Posterity, as well as of the present Age; and as the Reduction of the Price of any great and useful Work must be for the General Good; it would ill become the Authors and Proprietors of *The Universal History*, to complain, how much soever they suffer in their private Property, that a Work of so much Reputation and Use was brought into such a Shape, and reduced to such a Price, as should make it less burdensome to Purchasers; and, of consequence, of more general Service to the Learned World; WERE there not some *particular Circumstances* in Their Case that deserve Consideration.

These, briefly, are, 1. That, upon a fair Calculation, it has been found, that, were the First Impression of this Work to be intirely Sold off, the Produce would not reimburse them the Sums they have expended in it, allowing them but common Interest for their Money (to say nothing of their Time, Labour and Attention, employed in it for so many Years together): Since these Sums amount to upwards of 4000 *l.* Sterling, paid to *Authors*, and for *Books* bought for the Work, exclusive of the great and heavy Articles of *Paper*, *Print*, *Copper-Plates*, &c. And that, therefore, their Hopes of *Profit*, and *Reward*, depended upon the *Second Impression*; which they had Reason to expect from a Work so well received.

2. That before even our *Antient* History was finished, and, of consequence, long before Setts could be completed, no less than Three Pirated Editions were set on foot, at a Reduced Price, by People who had no Risque to run; who had no Copy-money to pay; no Books to purchase; and in a Neighbouring Kingdom, where the Duty upon Paper is 30 *per Cent.* less than in *England*. And as it is well known, that the Demand in That Kingdom for Books of This Value, is not considerable enough to take off, without a *clandestine Vend* in *Britain*, near the Number of Copies the Three Piratical

tical Undertakers print; This of Neceſſity muſt deprive the Original Proprietors, not only of their Hopes of coming to a *Second Impreſſion*; but even of a current Sale for their *Firſt*.

3. But there is ſtill greater Reaſon to complain of this uncommonly injurious Treatment, as the Public itſelf is likely to be a Sufferer by thoſe Piracies: Since it muſt be evident, that the Proprietors of this great Work can have no Encouragement to proceed with their propoſed MODERN HISTORY, when they are certain, that their Property will be invaded, and their Work printed upon them at a reduced Price, by People having ſo many Advantages over them, near as ſoon as they themſelves can publiſh it: So that all their Proſpect is, to finiſh, at a very great and certain Expence to themſelves, a valuable Work, for the Benefit of thoſe who run no Riſque; who will have no Authors to pay; and who can have no other Right, than what may be claimed by every other Invader of Property, whether in the *Streets*, or on the *Highway*.

Had the Work been ſo long publiſhed, that the firſt Undertakers had reimburſed themſelves; and had they nevertheleſs kept up the Price of their following Editions to a burdenſome or unreaſonable Height; the Invaſion might have admitted of a Defence. But to have a Property torn by Violence from the Proprietors, before the Deſign was completed, and to have the Piracies propoſed to be publiſhed, as the Original proceeded, is an Attempt for which a Name is hitherto wanting in Trade.

Theſe Hardſhips, almoſt peculiar to the Proprietors of this uſeful and expenſive Work, have laid them under an abſolute Neceſſity (unleſs they would give up a Property, ſo dearly purchaſed, to the Invaders) to publiſh themſelves an Edition of it, at a Reduced Price; even while they have remaining upon their Hands a large Part of the Impreſſion of their *laſt Volumes*, and many *complete Setts*. And it is preſumed, that their Caſe will be thought rather to deſerve Compaſſion than Blame, *their former kind Subſcribers themſelves being Judges*; ſince it is to their own very great Loſs, that they are ſo ſoon driven into this Meaſure: And ſince it is upon the Encouragement they hope to meet with, in This New Edition, that they build their only Hopes of being enabled to proceed with the MODERN Part of this Great Work.

Under this Neceſſity, from Hardſhips ſo apparent, the AUTHORS; who, at the Concluſion of the *Antient Hiſtory*,

had actually been engaged to revise, re-examine, and criticize their own Work, in order to rectify Mistakes, supply Deficiencies, retrench Superfluities, and to enrich the *hoped-for* Second Edition, with every-thing which either their own Retrospection had suggested to them, or which came too late from their Correspondents, to be taken notice of in the First Edition;—readily agreed to contribute theirMaterials, and their utmost Assistance, to the Perfecting of the present proposed Edition, that it might carry those visible Advantages upon the very Face of it, which must for ever give it a Preference to the Pirated ones: While the PROPRIETORS, on their Part, resolve to put it at no higher a Price than their Invaders propose to sell theirs for.

And furthermore, in order to do all the Justice in their Power to the Purchasers of the *First Impression*, by whose kind Assistance they were enabled to carry on their Work; And that those Gentlemen, who may be still disposed to have the Work in Folio, as a *Library-Book*, may not be discouraged from purchasing it; they declare, that they will print the most material Additions, in Folio, to be had separate, or to go with the Setts which shall be hereafter purchased.

In this New Edition the Authors propose to insert the following Articles, which were omitted in the Folio Edition; *viz.*

I. The History of the *Etruscans*, one of the most famous and celebrated Nations of *Italy*; with the Geography of their Country; an Account of their Manners, Religion, Language, Arts, *&c.* And a like Account of the *Umbrians*, *Sabines*, and several other *Italian* Nations.

II. A particular and accurate Account of *Xenophon*'s glorious Retreat.

III. The History of the Antient *Indians*, *Chinese*, *Tartars*, &c.

IV. The most probable Conjectures of the first Peopling of *America*.

And it is proposed to embellish the Whole by several New Maps, Cuts, *&c.*

To make room for these curious and necessary Additions, the Authors propose to omit all those Parts of the History of one Nation which are included in that of another; making proper

proper References to the moſt conſiderable. A Method which was intended to have been purſued at firſt; but was rendered impracticable by the Diſtance ſome of the Authors lived at, which hindered them from conſulting each other: But now, that there is more time for it, and the Whole of the Copy is before each Writer, it would be inexcuſable, if it were not attended to.

They propoſe alſo to inſert, in the Margin of the Work, the Chronology, accurately corrected; which will render the Chronological Tables unneceſſary; as they were inſerted chiefly to ſupply that Defect.

Likewiſe, that One copious and complete Index only ſhall be given; which will ſave the Perplexity in ſo many Volumes of turning from one to another for an Account of any particular Perſon or Tranſaction.

By theſe means the Work, notwithſtanding the above-mentioned Additions, will be much reduced in Bulk, ſo as to be compriſed, upon the neareſt Calculation, in fewer than Twenty Volumes in Octavo: Whereas the Pirated Editions, which are printed verbatim from our Firſt, muſt be conſiderably larger; and, of conſequence, dearer to the Public.

And it is to be obſerved, that one of them, the foremoſt in ſo ungenerous and unjuſt an Invaſion, declares in his own Journal*, that the UNIVERSAL HISTORY, *ſhould it be printed in the ſmalleſt Type imaginable, will make above Forty Volumes in Octavo*; and maintains in ſeveral other of his News-Papers, *that the ſame Work, in a Letter a Size larger than that of his Folio Notes, would ſwell it to more than Thirty Volumes in Octavo.* But when he found that his Fellow-Pirates (in the Diſguiſe of Gentlemen) had ſucceeded in perſuading the Public, that the Whole would be compriſed in Twenty Volumes Octavo, he changed his Style, and choſe rather to contradict himſelf, than to be behind-hand with them in impoſing upon the Public: For by his Propoſals and Specimen of the 25th of *September*, 1744, he offers to publiſh the ſame Work in Twenty Volumes Octavo, in *a Letter a Size larger than that of his Folio Notes: So that People ſhould be cautious* [theſe are his Words, and we ſhall conclude with them] *how they may be brought in to ſubſcribe to any ſpurious Edition.*

* *See the* Dublin Journal, Feb. 3. 1743-4.

For the Sake of Thoſe, who have not ſeen the Folio Edition, it is thought proper to ſubjoin the following brief Account, together with the Plan which has been followed in the Execution of the Work.

THE Propoſals for the Firſt Edition of this Great Work, take notice, That it had been juſtly complained of, that though the World abounded with Books, which paſſed for GENERAL HISTORIES, a GENERAL HISTORY was a thing ſtill wanting; for either they did not deſcend low enough, which is the Defect of Sir WALTER RALEIGH's; or, if they did, they ſeldom went further than the EUROPEAN Nations, which is the Fault of Dr. HOWELL's, the moſt General Hiſtory extant in ENGLISH: Not to mention other Imperfections in them, occaſioned by the want of Diſcoveries and Improvements which have been made in Hiſtory, Chronology, and Geography, ſince their Time: And this Complaint having of late increaſed, eſpecially ſince the Eſtabliſhment of Profeſſorſhips for MODERN HISTORY in the Univerſities, which has brought this Study more in Eſteem; a Society of Gentlemen undertook effectually to remove the Cauſe, by publiſhing an Hiſtory of all Nations whatever, both Antient and Modern.

Theſe were the Authors Motives for engaging in this Work: And we ſhall now briefly mention what has been done in the Execution of it.

In the firſt Place, It has been their Care to give the Hiſtory of every Nation apart; by which means the leſſer Monarchies and States are freed from the Hiſtorical Bondage of the greater, in which they are generally involved by Authors; who treat them with as much Tyranny as their Conquerors, never mentioning them but occaſionally; ſo that they muſt neceſſarily want a continued, uniform, and perfect Hiſtory of their Affairs, which, by this means, they have received.

Each particular Hiſtory begins from the firſt Notice to be found of the People, and is carried down through the ſeveral Revolutions and Changes in their Government and Religion, to their Diſſolution, or to ſome other remarkable Period, at which it is thought proper to break off for the preſent, in order to reſume it in the MODERN PART. All their Migrations and Conqueſts are related, with an exact Account of the Succeſſions and Reigns of their reſpective Emperors, Kings, Princes, or other Rulers: Whatever they have rendered themſelves famous for, whether Arms, Learning, Inventions, or Trade, are taken notice of; and, in ſhort, nothing omitted which may be uſeful or inſtructive.

It is to be obſerved, that this Work is no Tranſlation from the *French*; no Collection from Collections; but the Whole is extracted from the Original Authors, which are conſtantly quoted. In the

Antient History, the Foundation is, the Antients themselves; and the Moderns are made use of only as Comments upon them. And as the Compilers of this Work have not trusted to what others have done before them, neither have they confided in one Nation for the History of another; but have constantly had Recourse to their own Historians, as best qualified to give an Account of their own Affairs: For this Reason, the greatest Part of what relates to Oriental History, so little known at present in *Europe*, has been extracted, as far as it could be done with any tolerable Degree of Certainty, from the best Oriental Authors, of which our Libraries afford Plenty, though hitherto but little used; for it seems altogether as unreasonable to take the History of the *Persians*, *Arabians*, *Turks*, &c. from the *Greek*, or other *European* Authors, as to compile the *European* History out of the Oriental.

The Authors, throughout this Work, have avoided introducing long Descriptions of Battles and Sieges, Harangues, Speeches, and Letters, and, in short, all other Digressions, which, though they may be excusable in Particular Histories, ought to be omitted in General ones, where nothing but the Essentials should find a Place.

For the same Reason, they have avoided, as much as possible, entering into Controversy, especially about Points which are absolutely uncertain and undecidable; and have only engaged that way on some particular Occasions, where they could effectually clear up a Difficulty, to the Reader's Satisfaction. In a Word, they have endeavoured equally to shun the Extremes of Brevity and Prolixity: And there was the more Necessity for observing this just Medium, in order to bring such a vast Extent of Matter into moderate Bounds, without injuring any Part of the History.

It is needless to observe, that this Work will save the Expence of buying Numbers of Volumes, besides obviating the Difficulty which the Learned are often at in coming at others, which are only to be found in the Libraries of the Curious, and the Trouble of reading such Multitudes of them, when got.

The Plan or Contents of the First Edition of this WORK.

THE Cosmogony, or Creation of the World, containing, the Creation of Man, and the Situation of the Garden of *Eden*; of the Fall of Man; the History before the Flood; of the Deluge; of the State of the Antediluvian World, and the Changes made in the Earth by the Deluge; an Inquiry concerning the Situation of Mount *Ararat*, and the various Opinions about it; the History of *Noah* after the Flood, and of his Descendants to *Abraham*; the History of *Sanchoniatho* after the Flood; of the Removal of Mankind from about Mount *Ararat* to the Plain of *Shinaar*, and of the Build-

Building of *Babel*; of the Confusion of Tongues; of the Dispersion of Mankind, and the Planting of Nations in the two first general Migrations.

Of the Origin of Civil Government, and the Establishment of the first Kingdoms.

A Description of *Egypt*; containing, the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the antient *Egyptians*; the *Egyptian* Chronology to the Time of *Alexander the Great*; the History of *Osiris*, *Isis*, *Typhon*, and *Orus*; the Reigns of the Kings of *Egypt*; the Histories of *Moab*; *Ammon*; *Midian* and *Madian*; *Edom*; *Amalek*; *Canaan*; and of the *Philistines*.

A Description of *Syria*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the antient *Syrians*; the Chronology of the antient *Syrians*; the Reigns of the Kings of the antient *Syrians*.

The History of *Phœnicia*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the antient *Phœnicians*; the Chronology of the antient *Phœnicians*; the *Phœnician* Kings, from the antient fabulous History of the *Greeks*; the Reigns of the Kings of *Phœnice*.

The *Jewish* History from *Abraham* to *Moses*; from their *Egyptian* Bondage to their Entrance into the Land of *Canaan*; their History under *Joshua*; a Description of the Land of *Promise*; the Religion, Government, Laws, Customs, Learning, Arts, and Commerce, of the *Jews*; the *Jewish* Chronology from *Abraham*'s Vocation to the *Babylonish* Captivity; the History of the *Jews* under their monarchical Government; concluding with, An Essay on the Rise and Progress of Idolatry and Witchcraft; And

An Explanation at large of *Solomon*'s Temple according to the Sacred Historians; with A Description of *Jerusalem*.

The History of *Assyria*; containing, A Description of *Assyria*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the *Assyrians*; the *Assyrian Chronology* to the Fall of that Empire; the History of *Assyria* according to *Ctesias* of *Cnidos*, and his Followers; the History of *Assyria* according to Scripture, and the more approved Authorities.

The History of the *Babylonians*; containing, the Chronology of the *Babylonians*, from the first Rise of the Monarchy to its Dissolution.

The Description of *Media*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the *Medes*; the Chronology of the *Medes*, to the Translation of their Empire to the *Persians*.

The Description of *Persia*; containing, The Antiquity, Government, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the antient *Persians*; the Religion of the *Persians*; the Reigns of the Kings of *Persia*.

An Inquiry into the Origin, Antiquity, Migrations, and Settlements,

ments, of the *Scythians* and *Gomerians*, considered as two distinct Nations, by way of Introduction to their History.

The History of the *Celtes*, under the Names of *Gomerians*, *Cymmerians*, *Cymbrians*, *Celtes*, *Gauls*, *Galatians*, *Titans*, *Sacs*, &c. containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Learning, and Trade, of the antient *Celtes*; the Chronology and History of the *Gomerians* or *Celtes*.

The Geography of *Scythia*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Learning, Art, and Trade, of the antient *Scythians*; the History of the *Scythian* Kings.

The History of *Phrygia*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, *&c.* of the antient *Phrygians*; the Reigns of the Kings of *Phrygia*.

The History of *Phrygia Minor*; containing, An Account of the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the *Trojans*; the Reigns of the *Trojan* Kings.

The History of the *Mysians* and *Lydians*; containing, An Account of the Reigns of the Kings of *Lydia*.

The History of the antient *Lycians*.

An Account of the Fabulous and Heroic Times in general.

The Histories of the antient Kingdoms of *Sicyon*; *Argos*; *Attica*; *Bœotia*; *Thebes*; *Arcadia*; *Thessaly*; *Phocis*; *Corinth*; *Lacedæmonia* or *Sparta*; *Elis*; *Ætolia*; *Locris*; *Doris*; and *Achaia*.

Of the State of *Athens*, from the establishing annual Archons, to the *Achæan* League.

The History of *Sparta*, from *Lycurgus* to its being joined by *Philopœmen* to the *Achæans*.

The Histories of *Achaia*; *Ætolia*; *Sicily*; *Syracuse*; *Rhodes*; *Crete*; *Cyprus*; and *Samos*.

The History of the Islands of the *Propontis*, viz. *Proconnesus*, *Besbicus*, *Tenedos*, *Lesbos*, *Chios*, *Icaria*, *Cos*, *Nisyra*, *Carpathus*, &c.

The History of the Islands in the *Cretan* Sea, *viz.* *Thera*, the *Cyclades*, *Delos*, *Rhenæa*, *Cyrus*, *Sciathus*, &c.

The History of the *Macedonians*; containing, The Antiquity, Customs, Laws, Manners, and Military Discipline of the *Macedonians*; the History of the *Macedonian* Kingdom, from its first Foundation to the Reign of *Philip* the Father of *Alexander*; the Reign of *Alexander the Great*; the Division of the *Macedonian* Empire; the History of the Reign of *Antigonus*, and his Son *Demetrius*, in *Asia*; the History of the Kingdom of *Macedon*, from the Death of *Alexander the Great* to the Conquest thereof by the *Romans*.

The History of the *Seleucidæ* in *Syria* to the Reduction of their Dominions by the *Romans*.

The History of *Egypt*, from the Foundation of that Monarchy by *Ptolemy Soter*, to its being made a *Roman* Province.

The History of the *Armenians*; containing, The Description,

Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Arts, and Trade, of *Armenia*; the History of the Kings of *Armenia Major*.

The History of the Kingdom of *Pontus*.

The History of the *Cappadocians*; containing, The Description, Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Arts, and Trade, of *Cappadocia*; the History of the Kings of *Cappadocia*.

The History of the Kings of *Pergamus*.

The History of *Thrace*.

The History of the antient kingdom of *Epirus*.

The History of *Bithynia*.

The History of the Kingdoms of *Colchis*, *Iberia*, *Albania*, *Bosporus*, *Media*, *Bactria*, *Edessa*, *Emesa*, *Adiabene*, *Characene*, *Elymais*, *Comagene*, and *Calcidene*.

The History of the *Jews*, from their Return from the *Babylonish* Captivity, to the Destruction of *Jerusalem* by *Titus Vespasian*; containing, Their History from their Return from *Babylon* to their coming under the Government of their High-Priests, *&c.*; their Government under their Pontiffs and *Maccabees*; their History from *Judas Maccabeus* to their being subdued by the *Romans*; from their Subjection to the *Romans* to the Reign of *Herod the Great*, and the Taking of *Jerusalem* by him; from *Herod the Great*'s Reign to the Birth of Christ, with an Account of the principal Sects that then reigned in *Judea*; from the Birth to the Death of Christ; from Christ's Resurrection to the total Destruction of the City and Temple, and Dispersion of the *Jewish* Nation.

The History of the *Parthians*, from *Arsaces* to the Recovery of the Kingdom by the *Persians*.

The History of the *Persians*, from their recovering the Empire to their being subdued by the *Arabs*.

The antient State of *Italy* to the Building of *Rome*; containing, A Description of *Italy*; the antient State and first Inhabitants of *Italy*; the antient Kings of *Hetruria*, *Latium*, and *Alba*; the *Roman* History from *Romulus* to the Commonwealth; the Consular State of *Rome*, from the Beginning of that Government to the Burning of the City by the *Gauls*; from the Rebuilding of *Rome* to the first *Carthaginian* or *Punic* War; from the first to the End of the second *Punic* War; from the End of the second *Punic* War to the Destruction of *Carthage*, and thence to the End of the Sedition of the *Gracchi*; from the End of the Sedition of the *Gracchi* to the Triumvirate of *J. Cæsar*, *Pompey*, and *Crassus*; from the Triumvirate to the Death of *J. Cæsar*; from the Death of *J. Cæsar* to the perfect Settling of the Empire by *Octavianus*; from the perfect Settlement of the *Roman* Empire to the Death of *Domitian*, the last of the twelve *Cæsars*; a succinct Account of the Persecution of the *Alexandrian Jews*, and of *Philo*'s Embassy to *Caius Caligula*; from the Death of *Domitian*, the last of the twelve *Cæsars*, to the Death of *Alexander*, when the Empire was first trans-

transferred without the Consent of the Senate; from the Death of *Alexander Severus* to the Removal of the Imperial Seat to *Constantinople* by *Constantine the Great*; from the Removal of the Imperial Seat to *Constantinople* to the Division of the Empire, and thence to the total Failure of the Western Empire in *Augustulus*.

The antient State of several Northern Nations, to their breaking into the *Roman* Empire, and their several Expeditions, and mutual Expulsions, till the Settling of the *Hunns* in *Hungary*, the *Vandals*, *Visigoths*, and *Sueves*, in *Spain*, the *Vandals* in *Afric*, the *Franks* in *Gaul*, and *Ostrogoths* in *Italy*; containing, The History, and various Wars and Settlements, of the antient *Hunns*, &c.; the antient State and History of the *Goths*, till the Settling of the *Visigoths* in *Spain*, and *Ostrogoths* in *Italy*; the antient State of the *Vandals* till their Settling in *Spain* and *Afric*; the antient State, *&c.* of the *Sueves* till their Settling in *Spain*; the antient State, *&c.* of the *Franks* till their Settling in *Gaul*; the antient State and History of the *Burgundi*, *Alemans*, *Gepidæ*, *Heruli*, *Marcomans*, *Quadians*, *Sarmatians*, *Dacians*, *Lombards*, and *Bulgarians*.

The History of the *Ostrogoths* in *Italy*, the Exarchs of *Ravenna*, and the *Lombards* in *Italy*; containing, The History of the *Ostrogoths* in *Italy* to their Expulsion by *Narses*; the History of the *Lombards*, from the Death of *Clephis* to *Desiderius*, taken captive by *Charlemagne*; and the Exarchat of *Ravenna*.

The History of the *Constantinopolitan* or *Eastern* Empire, from the Dissolution of the *Western* to the Taking of *Constantinople* by the *Latins*; from the Expulsion of the *Greeks* to the Taking of *Constantinople* by the *Turks*, and the utter Destruction of the *Roman* Empire.

The History of the *Carthaginians*; containing, A Description of *Carthage*, and some Account of the Origin of that City; a Description of *Africa Propria*, or the Territory of *Carthage*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Language, Customs, Arts, Learning, and Trade, of the *Carthaginians*; the Chronology of the *Carthaginians*; the History of the *Carthaginians* from the Foundation of their City to the first *Punic* War; from the first to the second *Punic* War; from the Beginning of the second *Punic* War to the Destruction of *Carthage* by *Æmilianus*.

The History of the *Numidians* to the Conquest of their Country by the *Romans*; containing, The Description of *Numidia*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Language, Customs, Arts, *&c.* of the *Numidians*; their History from the earliest Accounts of Time to the Conquest of their Country by the *Romans*.

The History of the *Mauritanians*, to the intire Destruction of their Country by the *Romans*; containing, The Description of *Mauritania*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Customs, Arts, *&c.* of the *Mauritanians*.

The

The Histories of the *Gætulians*; *Melanogætuli*; *Nigritæ*; and *Garamantes*.

The History of the *Libyans* and *Greeks* inhabiting the Tract between the Borders of *Egypt* and the River *Triton*, comprehending *Marmarica*, *Cyrenaica*, and the *Regio Syrtica*; containing, The Histories of the *Libyans* of *Marmarica*; of *Cyrenaica*; and of the *Regio Syrtica*.

The History of the *Ethiopians*; containing, The Description of *Ethiopia*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Language, Customs, Arts, *&c.* of the *Ethiopians*; the History of the *Ethiopians* to the Usurpation of the *Zagean* Family, which commenced about the Year of Christ 960.

The History of the *Arabs*, and their antient State, to *Mohammed*; containing, The Description of *Arabia*; the Antiquity, Government, Laws, Religion, Language, Learning, Arts and Sciences, Disposition, Manner of Life, *&c.* of the *Arabs*.

The History of the *Arabs*, to the Time of *Mohammed*.

The History of the Empires of *Nice* and *Trapezond*, from their Foundation (the former by *Theodore Lascaris*, and the latter by the *Comneni*) to their final Abolition; the one by *Michael Paleologus*, and the other by *Mohammed the Great*.

The antient State and History of *Spain* to the Expulsion of the *Carthaginians* by the *Romans*, and briefly continued to the Descent of the Northern Nations; containing, A Description of Antient *Spain*; the Religion, Government, Customs, Learning, *&c.* of the antient *Spaniards*; their Origin, Antiquity, Kings, *&c.*; the Conquest of *Spain* by the *Carthaginians* and *Romans*, to the coming of the *Goths*, and other Northern Nations.

The antient State, *&c.* of the *Gauls* to their Conquest by *Julius Cæsar*, and to the Irruption of the *Franks*; containing, A Description of Antient *Gaul*; the Religion of the Antient *Gauls*; when they first introduced the Worship of inferior Deities; their Origin, Government, Learning, Commerce, and Customs.

The History of the Antient *Germans* to their breaking into the *Roman* Empire, Invasion of *Gaul*, and Expulsion out of it by the *Franks*; containing, A Description of Antient *Germany*, with its various Nations, Names, *&c.*; the Religion, Government, Laws, Customs, Language, *&c.* of the Antient *Germans*.

The antient State and History of *Britain* to its Desertion by the *Romans*, and the Invasion of the *Angles* and *Saxons*; containing, A Description of *Britain*; its first Inhabitants; Religion, Customs, *&c.* and their State under the *Romans*; their History from the first Coming of *Julius Cæsar* to its Desertion by the *Romans*; and thence to the Invasion of the *Angles* and *Saxons*.

The following is a List of the MAPS *and* CUTS *contained in the Folio Edition (To which several other new ones will be added)*; viz.

MAPS.

GArden of Eden, Plain of Shinaar, and Mountain where the Ark rested.
Antient Egypt.
Syria and Phœnice.
The Journey in the Wilderness, and Land of Canaan.
Judah and Israel.
Assyria and Babylon.
Persia or Shahistan.
Migrations and Settlements of the Celtes or Gomerians, and Scythians.
Asia Minor.
Sicilia.
Antient City of Syracuse.
Antient Greece, with the Islands adjoining to it.
Kingdoms of Macedon, Thessaly, and Epirus.
Extent of Alexander's Conquest.
Kingdoms of Armenia, Pontus, Cappadocia, Media, &c.
Palestine.
Gallia, &c.
Middle Regions of Italy.
Middle or Proper Italy.
Antient Italy.
Great Greece, &c.
Route of Hannibal through Gaul over the Alps into Italy.
Antient Spain.
Antient Gaul.
Antient Gaul, as divided into Narbonensis, &c.
Pannonia, Dacia, Mœsia, and Illyricum.
The Countries of Vindelicia, Rhœtia, and Noricum.
Italy, as divided into Regions by Augustus.
Antient Germany.
Belgic or Lower Germany.
A General Map of the Roman Empire; shewing the Situation of all its Provinces, and Seats of the Barbarous Nations on their Frontiers.
Antient Situation of Carthage, Utica, Tunis, and the Carthaginian Bay; with a Bird's View of the Situation of Antient Carthage.
Libya and Ethiopia.
Mauritania.
Africa Propria and Numidia.
Africa Proper.

CUTS.

Noah's Ark.
Tower of Babylon.
Egyptian Pyramids.
Temple and Prospect of Balbek.
Ruins of Palmyra, or Tadmor.
Solomon's Cisterns, the Ruin of a Court cut in the Rock, and two sepulchral Monuments.
Camp of the Israelites.
The old Jewish Shekel.
Diagram of the Planets.
City of Babylon.
Plan of Solomon's Temple.
Plan of Jerusalem.
Two Views of the Ruins of Persepolis.
A View of Jerusalem, the Temple, &c.
A View of Antient Italy.
Plan of Rome, in the Beginning of Romulus's Reign.
A second Plan of Rome.
Plan of Rome, from the Time of Servius Tullus, to that of its being taken by the Gauls.
Effigies of the four first Cæsars.
Julius Cæsar's House.
The first Mausoleum of Augustus, &c.
The second, with Agrippa's Villa and Gardens.
Nero's Golden Palace.
Effigies of four Cæsars, viz. Claudius, Nero, Galba, and Otho.
Effigies of Vitellius, Vespasian, Titus, and Domitian.
The historical Pillar, the serpentine Pillar, the porphyry Pillar, the Pillar of the Emperor Marcian; and the Hippodrome, with the Theban Obelisk and Engines, by which it was erected.
The Thracian Bosporus, with Constantinople divided into Wards; the outside Prospect, and the whole View, of the Church of Sancta Sophia.
Two Siculo-Punic Medals; the Fashion of the Aqueduct near Old Carthage; and the monstrous Serpent killed by the Romans on the Banks of the Bagrada.
The Plan of the famed Gaulish Temple of Montmorillon.

GENEALOGICAL TABLES.

Of the antediluvian Patriarchs.
Of the Postdiluvians to Abraham.
Of the genuine Arabs, descended from Kahtan or Joktan.
Of the naturalized Arabs, descended from *Ishmael* by a Daughter of Modad the Gorhamite.